IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently Amended): A method for a storage operating system implemented in a
- storage system to optimize the amount of readahead data retrieved for a read stream es-
- tablished in a data container stored in the storage system, the method comprising:
- receiving a client read request at the storage system, the client read request indi-
- 5 cating client-requested data for the storage operating system to retrieve from the data
- 6 container containing the read stream;
- determining whether the storage operating system is permitted to retrieve reada-
- head data from the data container in response to the received client read request;
 - if it is determined that the storage operating system is permitted to retrieve reada-
- head data from the data container, performing the steps of:
 - (i) selecting an amount of readahead data to retrieve from the data container
- based on one or more a plurality of factors; and
- 13 (ii) retrieving the selected amount of readahead data from the data container.
- 2. (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the data container is a file, directory,
- 2 vdisk or lun.

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- 3. (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the storage operating system is deter-
- 2 mined to be permitted to retrieve readahead data from the data container when the client-
- requested data extends the read stream past a predetermined next readahead value.
- 4. (Original): The method of claim 3, wherein the predetermined next readahead value is
- stored in a readset data structure associated with the read stream.
- 5. (Original): The method of claim 3, wherein the predetermined next readahead value is
- 2 updated based on a percentage of the selected amount of readahead data.

- 6. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 1, wherein a read-access style associated
- with the data container is one of the one or more plurality of factors used to select the
- 3 amount of readahead data.
- 7. (Original): The method of claim 6, wherein the selected amount of readahead data
- equals zero if the read-access style corresponds to a random read-access style.
- 8. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 1, wherein a number of client read re-
- quests processed in the read stream is one of the one or more plurality of factors used to
- 3 select the amount of readahead data.
- 9. (Original): The method of claim 8, wherein the number of client read requests proc-
- essed in the read stream is stored as a count value in a readset data structure associated
- with the read stream.
- 10. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the amount of client-
- requested data is one of the one or more plurality of factors used to select the amount of
- 3 readahead data.
- 1 11. (Original): The method of claim 10, wherein the selected amount of readahead data
- 2 is set equal to a predetermined upper limit for large amounts of client-requested data.
- 1 12. (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the selected amount of readahead data is
- doubled if the number of client read requests processed in the read stream is greater than
- a first threshold value.
- 1 13. (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the client-requested data is identified as
- read-once data when either (i) the number of client read requests processed in the read

- stream is greater than a second threshold value or (ii) a set of metadata associated with
- 4 the read stream indicates that the client-requested data is read-once data.
- 1 14. (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the selected amount of readahead data is
- stored in one or more buffers enqueued on a flush queue, the flush queue being config-
- ured to reuse buffers after a predetermined period of time.
- 1 15. (Original): The method of claim 14, wherein the predetermined period of time
- 2 equals two seconds.
- 1 16. (Currently Amended): An apparatus configured to implement a storage operating
- system that optimizes the amount of readahead data retrieved for a read stream estab-
- lished in a data container stored in the apparatus, the apparatus comprising:
- 4 means for receiving a client read request, the client read request indicating client-
- 5 requested data for the storage operating system to retrieve from the data container con-
- 6 taining the read stream;
- means for determining whether the storage operating system is permitted to re-
- 8 trieve readahead data from the data container in response to the received client read re-
- 9 quest;
- means for selecting an amount of readahead data to retrieve from the data con-
- tainer based on one or more a plurality of factors; and
- means for retrieving the selected amount of readahead data from the data con-
- 13 tainer.
- 17. (Original): The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the data container is a file, directory,
- 2 vdisk or lun.

- 18. (Original): The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the storage operating system is de-
- termined to be permitted to retrieve readahead data from the data container when the cli-
- ent-requested data extends the read stream past a predetermined next readahead value.
- 1 19. (Original): The apparatus of claim 18, further comprising means for updating the
- 2 predetermined next readahead value based on a percentage of the selected amount of
- 3 readahead data.
- 20. (Currently Amended): The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the one or more plurality
- 2 of factors used to select the amount of readahead data includes at least one of:
- 3 (i) the amount of client-requested data,
- 4 (ii) a number of client read requests processed in the read stream, and
- 5 (iii) a read-access style associated with the data container.
- 1 21. (Original): The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the selected amount of readahead
- data is doubled if the number of client read requests processed in the read stream is
- 3 greater than a first threshold value.
- 22. (Currently Amended): A storage system configured to optimize the amount of reada-
- 2 head data retrieved for a read stream established in a data container stored in the storage
- system, the storage system comprising:
- a network adapter for receiving a client read request, the client read request indi-
- 5 cating client-requested data to retrieve from the data container containing the read stream;
- 6 and
- a memory configured to store instructions for implementing a storage operating
- system that performs the steps of:
- determining whether the storage operating system is permitted to retrieve
- readahead data from the data container in response to the received client read re-
- 11 quest, and

12	if it is determined that the storage operating system is permitted to retrieve
13	readahead data from the data container:
14	(i) selecting an amount of readahead data to retrieve from the
15	data container based on one or more a plurality of factors; and
16	(ii) retrieving the selected amount of readahead data from the
17	data container.
1	23. (Original): The storage system of claim 22, wherein the data container is a file, di-
2	rectory, vdisk or lun.
1	24. (Original): The storage system of claim 22, wherein the storage operating system is
2	determined to be permitted to retrieve readahead data from the data container when the
3	client-requested data extends the read stream past a predetermined next readahead value.
1	25. (Original): The storage system of claim 24, wherein the predetermined next reada-
2	head value is updated based on a percentage of the selected amount of readahead data.
1	26. (Currently Amended): The storage system of claim 22, wherein the one or more plu-
2	rality of factors used to select the amount of readahead data includes at least one of:
3	(i) the amount of client-requested data,
4	(ii) a number of client read requests processed in the read stream, and
5	(iii) a read-access style associated with the data container.
1	27. (Original): The storage system of claim 22, wherein the selected amount of reada-
2	head data is doubled if the number of client read requests processed in the read stream is
3	greater than a first threshold value.
1	28. (Currently Amended): A computer-readable media comprising instructions for exe-
2	cution in a processor for the practice of a method for a storage operating system imple-

- mented in a storage system to optimize the amount of readahead data retrieved for a read
- stream established in a data container stored in the storage system, the method compris-
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- receiving a client read request at the storage system, the client read request indi-
- 7 cating client-requested data for the storage operating system to retrieve from the data
- 8 container containing the read stream;
- determining whether the storage operating system is permitted to retrieve reada-
- head data from the data container in response to the received client read request;
 - if it is determined that the storage operating system is permitted to retrieve reada-
- head data from the data container, performing the steps of:
- (i) selecting an amount of readahead data to retrieve from the data container
- based on one or more a plurality of factors; and
- 15 (ii) retrieving the selected amount of readahead data from the data container.
- 29. (Original): The computer-readable media of claim 28, wherein the data container is
- a file, directory, vdisk or lun.
- 1 30. (New): The method of claim 1, wherein the retrieved readahead data is stored in one
- or more buffers, the buffers containing a flush queue, the flush queue being configured to
- reuse buffers after a predetermined period of time.
- 1 31. (New): The method of claim 30, wherein the read stream corresponds to a read-once
- 2 data transfer and data retrieved from the data container is stored in the flush queue.
- 1 32. (New): The method of claim 30, wherein the retrieved readahead data is stored in
- the flush queue.
- 1 33. (New): The method of claim 30, wherein one or more buffers accessed from the
- flush queue are re-enqueued on a normal queue.

1	34. (New): A method for optimizing readahead data retrieval for a read stream estab-
2	lished in a data container stored in a storage system, the method comprising:
3	receiving a client read request at the storage system, the client read request be-
4	longing to the read stream and indicating an amount of client-requested data;
5	selecting an amount of readahead data based on the indicated amount of client-
6	requested data; and
7	retrieving the selected amount of readahead data from the data container.
1	35. (New): The method of claim 34, wherein the selected amount of readahead data is
2	set equal to a multiple of a predetermined amount, and wherein the multiple is associated
3	with the amount of client-requested data.
1	36. (New): The method of claim 34, wherein the selected amount of readahead data is
2	set equal to a multiple of the amount of client-requested data.
1	37. (New): The method of claim 36, further comprising the step of rounding the selected
2	amount of readahead data to the size of a data block.
1 .	38. (New): The method of claim 34, wherein the selected amount of readahead data is
2	set equal to a predetermined upper limit.
1	39. (New): A method for optimizing readahead data retrieval for a read stream estab-
2	lished in a data container stored in a storage system, the method comprising:
3	receiving a client read request at the storage system, the client read request be-
4	longing to the read stream and indicating client-requested data;
5	selecting an amount of readahead data based on a read-access style associated
6	with the data container; and
7	retrieving the selected amount of readahead data from the data container

1	40. (New): The method of claim 39, wherein the selected amount of readahead data
2	equals zero if the read-access style corresponds to a random read-access style.
1	41. (New): A method for optimizing readahead data retrieval for a read stream estab-
2	lished in a data container stored in a storage system associated with a number of storage
3	devices, the method comprising:
4	receiving a client read request at the storage system, the client read request be-
5	longing to the read stream and indicating client-requested data;
6	selecting an amount of readahead data based on the number of storage devices;
7	<u>and</u>
8	retrieving the selected amount of readahead data from the data container.
1	42. (New): The method of claim 41, wherein the step of selecting an amount of reada-
2	head data further comprises:
3	determining whether a flag is associated with the read stream, the flag indicating
4	that the storage system is associated with more than a predetermined number of storage
5	devices; and
6	in response to determining whether the flag is associated, selecting the amount of
7	readahead data.
1	43. (New): The method of claim 41, wherein the storage devices comprise one or more
2	<u>disks.</u>
1	44. (New): A method for optimizing readahead data retrieval for a read stream estab-
2	lished in a data container stored in a storage system, the method comprising:
3	receiving a client read request at the storage system, the client read request be-
4	longing to the read stream and indicating client-requested data;
5	selecting an amount of readahead data based on a plurality of factors: and

6	retrieving the selected amount of readahead data from the data container.
1	45. (New): The method of claim 44, wherein the retrieved readahead data is stored in
2	one or more buffers, the buffers containing a flush queue, the flush queue being config-
3	ured to reuse buffers after a predetermined period of time.
1	46. (New): The method of claim 45, wherein the read stream corresponds to a read-once
2	data transfer and data retrieved from the data container is stored in the flush queue.
1	47. (New): The method of claim 45, wherein the retrieved readahead data is stored in
2	the flush queue.
1	48. (New): The method of claim 45, wherein one or more buffers accessed from the
2	flush queue are re-enqueued on a normal queue.
1	49. (New): A system for optimizing readahead data retrieval for a read stream estab-
2	lished in a data container stored in a storage system, the system comprising:
3	means for receiving a client read request at the storage system, the client read re-
4	quest belonging to the read stream and indicating client-requested data;
5	means for selecting an amount of readahead data based on a plurality of factors;
6	<u>and</u>
7	means for retrieving the selected amount of readahead data from the data con-
8	tainer.
1	50. (New): The system of claim 49, wherein the retrieved readahead data is stored in
2	one or more buffers, the buffers containing a flush queue, the flush queue being config-
3	ured to reuse buffers after a predetermined period of time.

- 1 51. (New): The system of claim 50, wherein the read stream corresponds to a read-once
- data transfer and data retrieved from the data container is stored in the flush queue.
- 52. (New): The system of claim 50, wherein the retrieved readahead data is stored in the
- 2 <u>flush queue.</u>
- 53. (New): The system of claim 50, wherein one or more buffers accessed from the
- 2 flush queue are re-enqueued on a normal queue.